

# THE COLEMAN BULLETIN

VOLUME VI.

COLEMAN, (Alberta) FRIDAY, NOV. 15, 1918.

NUMBER 27

## For Men of Every Age

who know and  
appreciate

## Good Clothes

and the wearing of them—there is a satisfying choice among the great variety of weaves, weights and styles shown in the new-line Fall and Winter 1918-19



MADE-TO-MEASURE  
CLOTHES FOR MEN

Suitings and overcoatings—of a range designed to meet any taste—each garment built to your order and exact measurements. Service—usually prompt. Prices—unusually satisfactory. You should call early.

CECIL GOWER



## Over the Top With Victory Bonds

The Crows Nest Pass is well up on the honor roll in the Victory Loan campaign, thanks to an efficient organization.

Coleman, with an allotment of \$81,000, has practically doubled that amount and will improve her standing by Saturday night.

Following is a summary of the subscribers on national lines outside the handsome donations of the coal companies:

British	67,800
Czechoslovak	8,400
Belgian	3,350
Italian	1,500
Polish	1,000
Irish	600
Russian	100
Chinese	100
McGillivray Coal Co.	50,000
International Coal Co.	24,000

The local committee is anticipating a large number of small subscribers will be added before the curtain falls on Saturday night.

### Harry Ferby Dies Of Heart Failure.

The sudden death of Harry Ferby on Thursday came as a shock to his friends. The deceased had recovered from an attack of influenza sufficiently to get up and walk around the house the day of his death, heart failure being the immediate cause of his death. He leaves a wife and many friends to mourn his loss.

### Fell From Load of Hay.

Joe Loyd is in the Miners' Hospital with a serious fracture of the thigh, as the result of a fall from a load of hay on Thursday. He was brought in from the scene of the accident by T. W. Davies' ambulance.

### Influenza Epidemic Abating in Coleman.

The influenza seems to have passed its height in Coleman and it is generally inferred that conditions will now improve rapidly. Taken on the whole the epidemic has taken light toll here as compared to other points, the prompt and effective action of the health officials being largely responsible.

### Thanksgiving Service Postponed

A proclamation has been issued postponing the thanksgiving service scheduled for Sunday, Nov. 17th, owing to the prevailing epidemic.

Only Saturday left to buy a Victory Bond.

While the prevailing epidemic is decreasing at many points in the province, it would appear that taking the province as a whole it is on the increase. The northern part of the province is now being overrun with the plague.

**What Excuse  
will you give the  
Returned  
Soldier for not  
not having  
bought a  
Victory Bond?**

## Over the Top With the Irish

By buying Victory Bonds, and your goods at the Western Co-Op. you will be knocking the Kout of Kaiser and making it aiser for yourself and the boys "Over There." DO IT NOW!

We are going over the top every week and achieving great things. Our values in Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes are unequalled, and we invite you to come on over with the crowd.

We have unloaded a car of genuine B.C. Spuds, as white as snow and as dry as flour. Heavy on the spuds and keep the H. C. O. L. down.

All kinds of Fresh Fruits on hand and arriving daily.

Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Grapes, Apples, Tomatoes, Celery, Turnips.

The Western Canadian Co-Operative Trading Company, Limited

J. B. STEWART

MANAGER

Forty eight deaths have occurred from influenza at Rossland

Townspeople have reason to feel grateful for the fact that the Victory Loan was in progress during the past two weeks. The Committee and Canvassers helped nobly in keeping the town alive during the influenza epidemic.

Extradition of Former Emperor William from Holland, and his trial in England on the charge of murder for which he has been indicted there, was urged here by James W. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany in an impromptu address before a theatre audience.

### A SNAP

Clear deed—Eagle Restaurant for sale!

Cash price one thousand nine hundred dollars. Come at once. Immediate possession.

Apply to JOHN JOHNSON

### To Whom it May Concern:

My wife, Koroline Rogatz, having left my bed and board I will not be responsible for any debt contracted by her.

MIKE ROGACZ.

Coleman, Oct. 23 1918.

New Health  
New Strength  
for the  
Weak,  
Anemic,  
Nervous,  
Run-down

**WINGARNS**

— is what  
you need—  
— Because Wingans  
possesses a four-fold  
tonic, astringent,  
tonic & a restorative.  
It is a tonic, a  
Nerve-Builder, contain-  
ing the most assimilable  
form of calcium, which  
makes you feel so well  
and strong. It is  
desired by so many doc-  
tors and by so many  
people that you may  
not be able to get  
it in any other bottle.

Small Size \$1.00  
Large Size \$1.75

H. C. MC BURNAY

### Jewelry!



With the arrival of new goods daily my stock has become well worthy of public inspection, and you are cordially invited to inspect it whether you have present intentions of buying or not.

In the watch repairing line I am able to give you the benefit of long experience.

A. E. LIDDLE

Successor to B. P. McEwen.

Jonteel

The \$10,000  
Odor  
TOILET GOODS

Jonteel Cold Cream, 75 cents.

Jonteel Combination Cream, 75 cents.

Jonteel Face Powder, 75 cents.

(Flesh, White, Brunette)

Jonteel Talcum Powder, 35 cents.

H. C. MC BURNAY - Druggist

### OUR STOCK OF

## -- Fresh and Cured Meats --

is at all times the very best that can be procured, and includes the best brands of Bacon, Hams, etc., on the market.

If you are not already a customer of ours give us a trial. We can please you.

The V. H. LOWDEN CO.

Canada Food Board License No. 9 1914



### NOTICE

## Military Service Act, 1917.

### EMPLOYMENT OF MEN IN DEFAULT UNDER THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT.

The following Regulations, recently approved by the Governor General in Council, impose strict obligations upon every employer TO ASSURE HIMSELF THAT EACH OF HIS EMPLOYEES OF MILITARY AGE AND DESCRIPTION IS IN POSSESSION OF DOCUMENTS PROVING THAT HE IS NOT IN ANY WAY IN DEFAULT UNDER THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT.

An employer who is charged with having a defaulter in his employ must be able to prove THAT THE MILITARY SERVICE PAPERS ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR OR MILITARY AUTHORITIES TO THE EMPLOYEE IN QUESTION WERE PRODUCED FOR HIS INSPECTION at the time when the employee was taken into his employment, and that it was reasonably established to his satisfaction that the man was not in default under the Military Service Act. It should be clearly understood that the Canadian Registration Certificates given on June 22, 1918, at the time of general registration, in no way define the status of a man under the Military Service Act.

### REGULATIONS.

"106. Every person who employs or retains in his service any man who has deserted or is absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force, or who is in default in the performance of any obligation or requirement for reporting or for military service imposed upon him by the Act or Regulations, or any proclamation thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence punishable upon summary conviction by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by a penalty of not less than One Hundred Dollars and of not more than Five Hundred Dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine, unless such person prove that he made due inquiry and that THE MILITARY SERVICE PAPERS ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR OR THE MILITARY AUTHORITIES TO THE MAN SO EMPLOYED OR RETAINED IN HIS SERVICE WERE PRODUCED FOR HIS INSPECTION, and that it was reasonably established to his satisfaction by such inquiry and papers that the man was not a deserter or absent from the forces without leave or in default in respect of any of the obligations or requirements aforesaid."

"164. Every person who employs or retains in his service any man who is a deserter or absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force, or who is in default in the performance of any obligation or requirement for reporting or for military service imposed upon him by the Act or Regulations, or any proclamation thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence punishable upon summary conviction by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by a penalty of not less than One Hundred Dollars and of not more than Five Hundred Dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine, unless such person prove that he was not aware and had no reasonable ground to suspect that the man so harboured, concealed, or assisted was a deserter or absent from the forces without leave or in default in respect of any of the obligations or requirements aforesaid."

MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH.









# HAS LEFT NO STONE UNTURNED TO SHORTEN THE WAR SAYS KAISER

EXPRESSES HIS IMPERIAL THANKS TO WORKERS

In Address at Krupp Works Emperor William Declared That He Was Ready at Any Time to Offer the Hand of Peace, but Germany's Enemies Wished to Destroy Her

Speaking at the Krupp munition works at Essen, Emperor William declared that everyone in the remotest corner of the fatherland knew that he had left no stone unturned to shorten the war as far as possible for your people and for the entire civilized European world.

The emperor said it took too much time to say all that could be said unless he could overcome the other German, he declared, was confronted with her enemies' will to destroy her, and she must place against this her determination to preserve her existence.

After mentioning his offers of peace, the emperor said that the German leaders had made it plain to everyone that with the understanding that we are at all times ready to offer the hand to peace."

In beginning his address the emperor said:

"My dear friends at the Krupp works: I have long felt a desire to pay you a visit during this war, but as you know, the demands of war and military duties have summoned me to the various battlefields and regions of war-wrecked Europe. Now at last, in my flight, have we succeeded in finding time to pay the visits which I have been able to observe in their development since my earliest childhood and the inspection of which has always filled me with the greatest admiration of German science and inventive energy.

"What I want to do today is to express my imperial thanks to the directors of the Krupps, the foremen, and the workmen and the women in the absolute manner in which the Krupps have been placed at the disposal of the German army and its supreme war lord. Very great work has been accomplished by all for the direction down to the last workman, the woman, and this under increasing food difficulties, clothing difficulties, and losses, sorrows and cares which have spared no home neither prince nor king nor modest workmen's dwelling.

"Industrial mobilization, without distinction of age or sex, has constituted a demand such as never before was made on the German people. And yet it was responded to willingly and faithfully. In that connection I should like, above all, to express my warm thanks as the country's father to the women as well as to the girls and the men for their self-sacrificing performance of their duty, despite their harassing cares. No one amongst our people should imagine I am not conversant with this. I have been told, though the and I have spoken with many a maid, many a peasant, many a member of the landowner and the land-owning class, whose hearts were heavy with cares, but who glowed with the thoughts of their country and were touched by your cares to the depths of my heart. What paternal suggestion could do to diminish the burden far as possible has been done. Much more could have been done otherwise and it is no wonder there is dissatisfaction here and there.

"But to whom, after all, do we owe this? Who spoke at the very beginning of the war of starting out the German and children? Who was he who imposed terrible laws into the war?

"Everyone in you in the remotest corner of the fatherland knows that I left no stone unturned to shorten the war as far as possible for your people and for the entire civilized European world. In December, 1916, I presented the enemy with a clear and unambiguous offer of peace in the name of the German empire and my allies. Jeers, contempt and mockery were the answer.

"He up above knows my sense of responsibility. Repeatedly during the past months the responsible leaders have been asked to give an unambiguously given to understand, to everyone who wished to understand, that we are at all times ready to offer the hand to peace."

## In Defense of the Flag

How the Union Jack was able to defend the British colonies, the sirs of Paris on July 4 is amazingly told. The incident occurred in this way: "Outside one of the biggest drapery shops of Paris, two ladies handled a Union Jack which lay on giant piles of flags or sail and remained in French on its cheapness. The saleswoman, unskilled in accents, was rash enough to explain the law prior to saying that the flag was not wanted. He received in reply the most eloquent discourse attainable by an indignant Irishwoman of unblushing loyalty; and an Irish brogue speaking French is an emotion was before for the most intrepid must quench. One was one Frenchman who will never again suggest that there is a close season in Union Jacks!"

## Origin of "Kaiser"

The name Kaiser is the German form of the word Caesar, Emperor, and it is borne at the present time by the sovereigns of Germany and Austria. Charlemagne (742-814) was the first prince to assume the title of Kaiser.

## Locusts Versus Oysters

A traveler having remarked to an Arab that he wondered at his eating anything so revolting as locusts, the Arab replied, with some heat, that nothing ought to surprise a person who could swallow an oyster.

## Strange Mascots of Airmen

### Craze Was Started by the Early Pilots

All respectable airmen have got into the way of having mascots to accompany them in their flights.

The mascot craze was started by the early pilots—those men who, few and far between, can still be seen together anyhow regardless of the sex, the men who did not know the luxury or comfort of aerial motor cars as we know them today. And the craze is still very strong.

"Bully" the bulldog, mascot of an R. F. C. squadron, is not the only "air dog." I have known others of the canine tribe who have been passed as mascots in various ways. Cleopatra Windsteed, I once heard, that their aeronautical tastes spring from a desire to "look down" upon other dogs.

There are some dogs who will sit silently in an aeroplane and apparently enjoy their surroundings while the engine starts roaring away.

I wanted to take a fox-terrier for a flight with me one day. He sat calmly, looking around, while the mechanic prepared the engine, but when I gave the sign to swing the propeller and the engine snorted furiously, my dog "face" immediately leapt over the side of the craft, raced across the ground, and disappeared through the gateway. A few hours later he was found three miles away from the flying ground, and on no account could we persuade him to return again.

There was the celebrated Peter of Shoreham Aerodrome, a mastiff, who appeared in court wearing a gentleman's linen collar, properly inscribed with his name and address. His owner was brought to book for allowing Peter to go collarless. Although he was a mascot I did not see him fly. In fact, I think he was rather too cumbersome, as well as being unwilling to undergo experiments.

Airmen's mascots take all sorts of shapes and forms, from the proverbial black cat to the lady in green, from the woman in the scarf to a famous pilot. The irate owners say that he is afraid of contracting sore throat! Others carry with them such trifles as bracelets, lapel badges, war trophies, and even pieces of "crashed" machines.

Some French airmen favor crucifixes and rosaries, and before we were known some Germans who would not go without a photograph of one of the German "aces."

Mascots therefore, if carefully chosen with care and coal, though said to be lucky if you can get nowadays—will not save the carcass from disaster.

Clowns of a particular kind—is used by some people for mascot purposes—check riding breeches and vividly-colored socks, for instance. And I carefully preserve an old flying cap, which I used on my first journey in the air many years ago.

**Great Output of Grenades**

2,000,000 Produced in U. S. Every Month

The U. S. war department has announced the statement that one hand and grenades of four types are being produced at the rate of 2,000,000 a month, and it was predicted by ordnance department officials that this would be increased to 2,500,000 in the next few months.

Rifle grenades are being produced at the rate of about 1,000,000 a month. This rate will be multiplied appreciably in the next few months.

Orders have been placed for more than 60,000,000 grenades of both hand and rifle type, and more than 18,000 persons are employed in various plants throughout the country engaged in making them.

Of the hand missiles under manufacture there are two types of the so-called fragmentation grenades, which depend on the effect of explosives and the scattering of fragments; one type of phosphorus grenade, which on bursting, throws a shower of burning fragments of phosphorus and a cloud of dense white smoke, and a gas grenade, which sprays a clouding cloud of dense white suffocating gas.

### Strafing U. S. Dentists

The German newspapers are filled with indignant protest from native doctors against the German idea of dentists, against the employment of U. S. dentists to repair the wounded jaws of German troops. Many United States dentists appear to be practising in Germany.

Mr. Edmund White, in an address at King's College, London, England, said Germany has lost the dominion of the gas mantel market. The world, he added, used 400,000,000 gas mantles annually.

### Missed His Bath

Once in a while the newsmen of a certain district in London are taken for an outing up the Thames by a gentleman of the neighborhood, when he can bathe to their hearts content.

As one little boy was getting into the water a friend observed, "I say, Bill, ain't you dirty?" "Yes," replied Bill, "I missed the train last year."

## War Widow's Remarriage

### Ratio Is Eighty-five in Every One Thousand

What would Tony Weller, Uncle Toby or Sir Roger de Coveney think of a war tragic full of woe, England? It is a subject in which even Dickens would find nothing but sadness; yet sociologists extract a certain comfort from figures showing that the social fabric is potentially strong and stable. Five years after the Crimean war, the authorities found that of every thousand marriages, one hundred were the remarriages of widows. The number had been as great in 1911—1912 to the thousand. In 1914 the figure began rising; it continued to do so in 1915, and in 1916, according to British records, it reached an eighty-five thousand. Last year it is estimated that it rose to ninety-four, and there is reason to believe that it will yet attain the figure of post-Crimean days.

This is a fairly familiar phenomenon; it has been observed in this country by those responsible for the payment of benefits to the widows of deceased husbands. The figure is not the same in every state.

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**Victory Flour**

Great Difference in Quality at the Present Time

There is at the present time a great difference in quality, which is due to the fact that the direction of the government are adulterating their wheat flour with corn and other flours. This is not true. The law forbidding anything of which the end is still as rigidly enforced as ever.

What the millers are doing is simply this: They're milling the wheat with more of the bran, or other bakers, left in it; and some of them are mixing in other grains of wheat.

Consequently the flour on the market differ very much in quality. It is the bakers who are required by law to add 25 per cent of some kind of flour on top of the wheat flour. They choose for themselves what they will use for the admixture, and much of their bread, though said to be good, is not.

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## London's Mail Problem

### Half Entire Delivery Is Improperly Addressed

More than fifteen million letters and parcels little more than half of England's mail every day of the year are improperly addressed. This involves considerable labor and delay in the sorting department of the post office, and the department has appealed to the public to be more careful and exact in addressing its communications.

In order to lessen the work of the post office and also because so large a proportion of its traffic is to and from the areas of the metropolitan area of London, which for long time has been divided into districts such as Mayfair, West Central, East Central, Holborn, Clerkenwell, and the like, have been subdivided and designated as Mayfair I, Mayfair II, Mayfair III, or East Central I, East Central II, East Central III, etc.

Nowhere in the world is there a more

# GREAT BRITAIN LOOKS FOR CLOSE OF THE WAR IN 1919 OR 1920

## SPECULATION AS TO DATE OF ITS TERMINATION

It is Possible to Underestimate the Enemy's Power of Resistance And the Difficulties Which Still Confront the Allies in Military, Economic and Political Domains

## British Rule in India

### Has Made Thriving Commercial Cities

Whenever I have questioned the advantages of British rule in India, I recall an experience, say an eastern traveller. Years ago I crossed Persia. The next year I have seen some of the most remarkable scenes. It was as though a curse had fallen upon the land. The people were miserable and ill-kept. Modern architecture had been unknown. The cities of Tehran, Isfahan and Shiraz were of great pasteur, but they accentuated the sordidness of the present.

There were no roads of merit; there were no railways whatever. In the winter, when the roads were closed, there were hundred thousand cattle, and the country was

so perfectly attuned to the seasons of the year that the animals were of the same Mohammedan faith; yet what a contrast! Great thriving cities like Bombay, Calcutta and Madras; a fine transcontinental railway system; excellent roads everywhere; areas of great industrial activity; all the towns well kept and decorated with exquisite architecture; modernization of government, of stable of government, of progress.

So perfectly are they attuned to our present conception of their grandfather's and grandfather's Puritanical digestion.

The book is carefully written, the illustrations are fine, the start of the great man, in the uniform of Sultan's harem, in the uniform of a lieutenant-colonel of engineers, his wife, his wife's maid, his wife's maid's maid, and his wife's maid's maid's maid.

His imperial majesty had long wanted to visit Palestine. "When I am a sovereign one should visit the country," he said.

Then there were grave difficulties. When he received a visit from Mr. Thomas Cook, whose business it is to conduct excursions, who offered to him there, inc. The emperor was to travel to Jerusalem. He foreseen difficulties flocking in the wake of the second greatest man on earth and agreed to furnish the notoriety of his visit.

Apparently Cook was the only man ever clever enough to keep the boche ruler to his word; for despite the weariness of William, he was forced to heal the sick in the dead of winter, and to walk through a deep snowdrift rather than let a Chinese

clerk have come to understand that he must be the candidate of the German commercial and industrial party.

His administration is to vote less political and more economic.

The great banking and manufacturing interests are about to exploit the business opportunities of the Ukraine in typical Prussian fashion. They are engaged in a series of research syndicates for the purpose of spying out the land each with a preliminary capital of \$5,000,000, which will be increased as required.

The Krupp and other Rhenish-Westphalian and coal magnates are at the head of the industrial syndicate.

**Revival of English Jet Industry**

### Demand for Black Ornaments Is Increasing

At Whitley, on the Yorkshire coast and roughly half way between the Humber and the Tyne, the manufacture of jet ornaments has been carried on as far back as records exist.

The war has given a new lease of life to the trade. On the continent, the demand for black ornaments increased the demand for black ornaments, and on the other it has cut off the supply of black glass ornaments and made it difficult to make them.

It has likewise stopped the importation of jet from Spain and correspondingly extended the mining of jet at Whitley.

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Two currents of opinion in regard to the termination of the war are strongly marked here, one rung on to victory and the other places the date in 1920.

The argument turns chiefly on two points: Whether Britain's military effort can be maintained and strengthened during the war, and whether it will permit of campaigning this year, and whether America's great contribution of the past few months can be carried on in undiminished volume.

Given the two factors the protagonists of the "victory-next-year" school believe that the enemy can be so hammered this year that his chances of waging a successful defense are gone. The others, however, believe that the difficulties which still confront the allies, not only in a military sense, but in economic and political sense,

General speaking, soldiers are the chief exponents of what may be called the continued hammering policy, with all that it implies in respect to the use of military power to purely military purposes.

Also, the civilian element which questions whether serious mistakes might not be made by overlooking the fact that victory is to be won only by the martial activities of men in the front.

In England particularly they question the policy of utilizing every available moment to the last possible moment. The English State will give without stint and without counting is taken as axiomatic here.

It is equally agreed that the English army is to be diminished as far as possible to diminish their efforts, and indeed, is striving to increase them.

The controversy turns only on the point to which the method by which the common cause can best be served.

## Concerning Imported Furs

### Sable and Ermine are Most Costly

Of All

Ermine is the highest priced of all furs and is found only in Russia and Scandinavia. This is due to its value from the fact that it becomes white in winter, only the tip of the tail remaining black. The skins originally measure from 10 inches to 12 inches long, and are sold in lots of forty, called "timbers." The sable is another costly fur. This animal was formerly caught in great numbers, the output for Russia being 6,000,000 a year.

In 1913 a ban on sable hunting was put into force with a view to preserving the animal from extermination.

The sable is of fine texture, the skin is soft, but durable. The skins range from 15 to 20 inches in length and 5 to 8 inches in breadth. The sables and gales are sold according to the size in which they are found.

The sable is the most popular fur in the world, in which it is found.

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SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY AID  
VICTORY LOAN



As an instance of how science and industry have co-operated in helping to win the war, it is interesting to note that Sir Thomas White, K.C.M.G., Minister of Finance, has made a special "His Master's Voice" Record for the purpose of actually informing the Canadian Public in his own voice concerning the need of the second Victory Loan.

Science and industry made it possible for the voice of the Finance Minister to be heard in thousands of places in every part of the Country at the same time.

The illustration shows Sir Thomas "caught in the act" as he made his special recording at the laboratories of the Berliner Gramo-phone Company, Limited, Montreal.

## Semi-Ready Tailoring

Insures the Best there is in  
Style, Fit and Finish

Before you Place your Order for your Fall or Winter Suit  
Call and see my line of samples.

**BOB EASTWOOD**  
"THE TAILOR"

## AT EASTON'S

### SPECIA

Six Ladies' Tailored Suits, All Wool, Navy  
and Black, satin lined, going at \$28.00

#### SPECIAL IN HATS

One Table at ..... \$3.75  
Another Table at ..... \$4.75

COME AND SEE THEM.

**The War is Over**  
**Buy Victory Bonds**

### THE PALM

### B. C. APPLES

In Boxes and by the Pound

### PEARS

### BANANAS

### GRAPES

Grape Fruit, Oranges, Lemons,  
Bananas, Apples, Canteloups.

Try Our Fruit Cake.  
The Best Bread in Coleman—40  
ounces of real bread for 25¢.

Canada Food Board License No. 9-15928

### THE Cabinet Cigar Store

#### Stationery and Fancy Goods.

**M. E. GRAHAM**  
PROPRIETOR

Buy Victory Bonds.

**DENTISTRY**  
R. K. LILLIE, D.D.S., L.D.S. GRADUATE N.U.D.S., Chicago. Office hours: Coleman, morning, 9 to 12; Blairmore, 1 to 6; evenings by appointment. Phones: both offices 33; Residence, 163.

### Local and General.

Lethbridge is endeavoring to secure war trophies for the city.

The manufacture of automobiles will go back to the old basis on Jan. 1st.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has contributed \$17,000,000 to the Victory Loan.

J. B. Wilkie and Hugh Scott, two widely known residents of Lethbridge died during the week.

A campaign for the sale of thrift stamps will be begun, as soon as the Victory Loan drive is completed.

There has been a falling off of some 450,000 tons in the coal production of the Maritime Provinces this year.

Vegetables for sale—Cauliflower, Cabbage, Turnips Beets and Carrots, all for 3¢ a pound. Jas. Chalmers, East Coleman.

Dr. Lovering of Lethbridge, was fined \$1 and costs for refusing to wear a mask. He claimed the mask was absolutely unsanitary.

Rev. D. K. Allan was in charge of the Coleman Cash Grocery this week, Jas. Allan, the proprietor, being down with the 'flu.

Leonard Whitehouse, a 10 year old boy, had his hand blown off at Fernie during the celebration of the signing of the armistice.

Seven million tons of coal a year have been saved by Industrial plants through putting into effect suggestions of the U. S. Fuel Controller.

Through efforts of the Cobourne Board of Trade, a silk manufacturing industry has induced to locate there. It will employ one hundred girls.

Paul Baron is having an extensive vacation and is utilizing it in preparing special attractions for the Coleman Opera House when the epidemic is over.

McKeen Hunter was general manager and dining room staff of the Coleman hotel this week during the illness of Mr. and Mrs. Barrington.

The Vancouver World suggests that Nov. 11th be made the annual Thanksgiving Day in Canada and it is well worthy of consideration and adoption.

Wm. E. Wilson, manager of the Royal Fruit Co., and Chas. Gordou, sales manager for P. Burns & Co., both well known Edmonton business men, died from influenza.

It is estimated that \$3,000,000 worth of used tin cans are wasted every year in Canada. A company, called Can Conservers of Canada, Ltd., has been formed in Toronto to collect these, and cleanse, sterilize and re-top them for use again. It is understood that Mackenzie-Mann interests and J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York are interested in the undertaking.

### Grand Union Pool Room

First-Class Tables and best of equipment in every respect. A comfortable place to spend an evening.

Complete Line  
Best Brands  
Soft Drinks

First-class Barber Shop in connection

**SAM MOORE** - PROPRIETOR

# Buy Victory Bonds

IS THE GREAT MESSAGE OF THE WEEK.

Never before was a campaign more extensively or thoroughly organized in all Canada. Never was there launched a campaign more worthy of your support.

**BUY YOUR SHARE IN VICTORY BONDS**—the only place of safety.

It is the patriotic duty of everyone to **BUY VICTORY BONDS**.

Victory Bonds are negotiable at market value.

Victory Bonds are a fine investment.

Great Britain must now purchase where she can get the credit.

If Canada grants the credit, Canada will get the business.

### Clothing

Don't forget that high grade Clothing is one way of expressing a man's personality. See one line of Style-Craft or Classic Clothing. Bought before the big rise in prices.

We can show you All Wool Navy Serge, tailored and trimm'd to please the most fastidious buyer. Price \$10.00 a pair. Wool socks \$1.00 a pair. These goods would be worth at least \$15.00 a suit.

We show other lines of Suits as low as \$15.00 a suit but we strongly recommend the Style-Craft as being sure to give satisfaction so the wearer.

### Stanfield's Underwear.

Green Label, Red Label, Black Label, in union suits and separate garments. Watson's 722 Line. Men's underwear. A nice medium weight for men who are not exposed to the cold weather. Very soft, warm and durable. Suit \$4.50.

Shaker Flannel Blankets. Warm and durable. Size 56-72, \$3.50. 65-78, \$4.25. 72-84, \$4.00.

Blanket Cloth All Wool 54 inches wide brown and black check also Green and black check \$3.75 a yard.

Men's Mackinaw Coats Norfolk style, pleated and belted, yoke in back splendidly tailored. \$7.50 to \$10.00.

Men's Mackinaw Pants, Carss make, Short 46.50, Long \$3.50. Pair

Men's Mackinaw Shirts Carss Make Grey \$6.00 each.

### Gloves and Mitts.

Wool Mitts, Leather Mitts wool lined Pull over Mitts. Gloves, Lined and un-lined. Try our Sea Lion Gloves, it keeps soft and wears well price \$1.75 a pair.

Men's and Ladies' Sweaters.

A full line of very desirable styles and colors. Watch for a line of Ladies' sweater coats with Caps to match extra fine goods, held up by the freight handlers strike but expected daily.

### Boots and Shoes.

Don't fail to see our line of Women Invictus. One line of fine dongola kid with Castor cloth top, and one in fine Tan dongola with Castor cloth top and the name Invictus on the toe of the wearer's walking. Price \$10.00 a pair. ELK STITCHDOWNNS, for childrens wear are the most satisfactory foot wear you can buy for the kiddies, they will wear as long as two or three pairs of ordinary boots. Prices 4 to 7 \$2.75. Sizes 8 to 10, \$3.50.

### Trunks and Suit Cases.

We show a very complete line of Trunks at prices from \$4.75 to \$17.50, every Trunk good value at the price asked.

Iron Beds, Springs and Mattresses. See these sizes up-stairs. Grey and White Blankets, Comforters, Sheets, Pillows and pillow slips.

### Crockery and Glassware.

Cups saucers and Plates, vegetable dishes, Bowls, Tea-pots, Fruits. A snap in Glass Table set. Butter dish, Jam holder, Cream jug, Sugar bowl, all for \$1.25. Only 23 of these in stock and they cannot be replaced at the price.

Dinner sets 97 pieces English Semi-Porcelain at prices from \$17.50 to \$40.00 see them.

### Groceries.

As usual our stock is fresh and complete. Tomatoes, Sunset, brand are hand packed and superior to any other on the market. Try them 25¢ a tin or \$5.00 a case of 24 tins.

### Flour and Feed.

Five Roses and Pantry Queen, Graham, Barley, Rice, and Rye Flour, Bran, Shorts, Barley, Oats, Corn.

**W. L. Ouimette, Coleman.**  
Canada Food Board License No. 8-10584.

**ONE MORE DAY  
TO BUY  
VICTORY BONDS  
Don't Miss the  
Opportunity  
to Help Your  
Country  
and Yourself**